

RECOMMENDED HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS FOR NORTH CENTRAL TEXAS

Prepared by Dr. Steve George
Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service
April 5, 2015

Common Name	Botanical Name	Height	Width	Light Intensity	Flower Color	Bloom Season	Notes
Full Sun – Spring and Summer Flowering							
Augusta Duelberg Salvia*	<i>Salvia farinacea</i> 'Augusta Duelberg'	3'	7'	Full Sun	White	May to Nov.	Combines well with a wide variety of other colors.
Gold Star Esperanza	<i>Tecoma stans</i> 'Gold Star'	11'	8'	Full Sun	Yellow	Summer to Frost	Slow to start growth in the spring.
* Henry Duelberg Salvia*	<i>Salvia farinacea</i> 'Henry Duelberg'	3'	7'	Full Sun	Electric Blue	May to Nov.	8-inch spikes of electric blue flowers.
* John Fanick Perennial Phlox	<i>Phlox paniculata</i> 'John Fanick'	3'	3'	Full Sun	Light Pink	June to Sept.	Blooms are fragrant; attracts butterflies and hummingbirds.
Lamb's Ear	<i>Stachys byzantina</i>	1.5'	3'	Full Sun to Lt. Shade	Silvery- Gray Foliage	NA	'Helen von Stein' reportedly does not require deadheading.
Walker's Low Catmint	<i>Nepeta x faassenii</i> 'Walker's Low'	1.5'	6'	Full Sun	Lavender - Blue	Spring to Fall	Late spring to early summer is peak blooming period.
Full Sun – Fall Flowering							
Fall Aster*	<i>Aster oblongifolius</i>	2.5'	5'	Full Sun	Lavender	Late Sept. - October	Plant literally covers itself with blooms in the fall.
Mexican Bush Sage	<i>Salvia leucantha</i>	4'	7.5'	Full Sun	Purple & White	Fall	Also comes in a solid purple form.
Dappled Shade – Spring and Summer Flowering							
Texas Gold Columbine*	<i>Aquilegia chrysantha</i> var. <i>hinckleyana</i> 'Texas Gold'	2'	2'	Summer Shade, Winter Sun	Yellow	Late March – Early May	Plant under deciduous tree so columbine gets plenty of light during fall and winter.
Turk's Cap*	<i>Malvaviscus arboreus</i> var. <i>drummondii</i>	4'	7.5'	Full Sun - Dappled Shade	Red, Pink or White	May to Nov.	'Big Momma' has red blooms a third larger than the species.

* Denotes a plant native to Texas.